Basic Guidelines for Heating Vivaria

Reptiles are Ectotherms, that is they heat themselves and regulate their body temperature by means of the environment. They move in and out of hot and cool areas to maintain their preferred temperature. It is therefore important that the vivarium has a suitable temperature gradient for the reptiles to behave naturally.

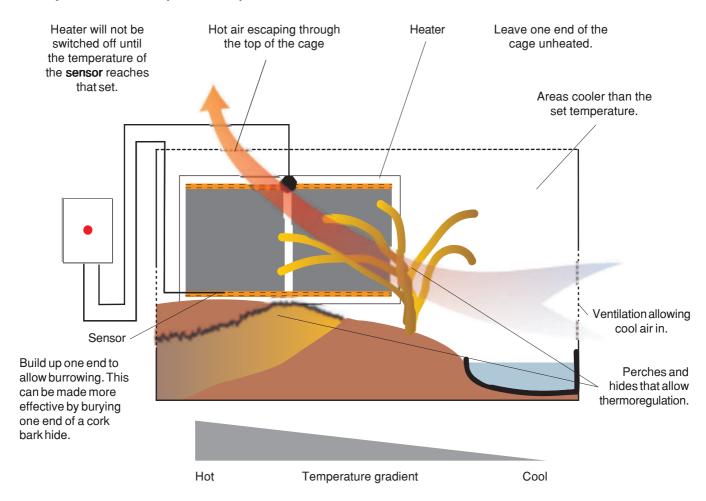
The heater should be placed at one end of the vivarium in a condition that does not heat the whole of the enclosure. In this way the temperature will vary between the hot area near the heater and the cooler areas at ambient temperature. For sophisticated temperature management the thermostat and heater can be fed via a time or light activated switch. This will give day/night and seasonal synchronisation.

Size Matters

Heaters must be large enough to heat the vivarium to the required temperature. An underrated heater will rarely supply enough heat to reach the temperature set on the HabiStat. Too large a heater will supply so much heat that the HabiStat is continually switching it off. This would lead to poor temperature management and may cause the heater to fail.

More than one heater may be controlled by the thermostat providing the total load of 300 watts is not exceeded.

The ideal heaters to use with this type of thermostat are HabiStat Heat Mats and Strips. Other heaters may also be controlled but light emitting lamps should be avoided. The best thermostat for this type of device is the HabiStat Dimming Thermostat.



Positioning the HabiStat sensor to obtain a thermal gradient.

... Using the HabiStat.

The HabiStat will control the heater at the level set on the dial and detected at the sensor. The function of the remote sensor is to enable selection of the site at which the temperature can be sampled and controlled. The range of the temperature gradient will be proportional to the distance between the sensor and the heater and the ambient temperature. If the HabiStat is set at a tempera-

ture on the dial but the sensor is placed away from the heater, there will be areas near the heater that are hotter than the set temperature. Similarly, if the sensor is placed near the heater, there will be areas away from the sensor that are cooler than the set temperature.

It should also be noted that as hot air rises, setting the sensor at the top of a vivarium will only maintain the required temperature at that point. A vivarium that houses ground dwelling animals may be too cool if set up in such a way. Place the sensor where the animals are likely to be! Some criteria for controlling the temperature are:

- Ensure that the placement of the sensor is representative of the temperature required, use common sense in choosing the position.
- Remember that the HabiStat will be most accurate in the middle of

- its range. Try to use this, rather than the extremes, to maintain accurate control of temperature.
- Although the dial is accurate the temperature should always be checked with a thermometer.

It is important to remember that temperature control is critical to the successful keeping of reptiles. HabiStat thermostats use hi-tec sophistication to give precise control and peace of mind.

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Guarantee

Thank you for buying this HabiStat electronic thermostat. Used in accordance with the instructions this unit will give many years service. There are no user serviceable parts in this unit, so **please do not open**

it. Any tampering including the cutting of any wire, will render the guarantee void. This thermostat is guaranteed for one year from the date of purchase against faulty parts and workmanship. In the unlikely event of failure, return it to our distributor, Herp Shop, with a receipt or proof of purchase and details of the fault. Herp Shop will ensure your unit is returned to full working order. No liability is accepted other than for the repair or replacement of a faulty product. Statutory rights are not affected

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All three leads are supplied at a useful length. This allows for the maximum flexibility. As the leads must not be cut, they can be tidied with cable ties and this will accommodate any extra wire. The long wires mean virtually any cage can enjoy the benefits of HabiStat control. This brings unparalleled choice, convenience and safety.

TEMPERATURE THERMOSTAT

MAINS HEATER SENSOR

MAINS HEATER SENSOR

- Neon lights when heater is on
- Temperature dial calibrated in Fahrenheit and Celsius
- A maximum heater load of 300 watts at 230 volts, 50 Hz AC
- A fully specified HabiStat thermostat that meets all current standards.
- An electronic thermostat that turns the power on and off but is *not* suitable for use with light bulbs.
- Suitable for use in vivaria, aquaria, terraria, horticulture, photography and home brewing.
- Waterproof, chemically resistant probe

The fitted
three pin plug is for
connection to the domestic
mains. It is recommended
that the circuit be
protected with a three
amp fuse.



The three pin socket is
for connection to the heater. If
wires have to be threaded through
small holes, it is better to disconnect,
thread and rewire the heater lead, if
the plug is rewirable. Please make
sure the thermostat is disconnected from the mains
before

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